The Caledonian Mercury. No. 10,235.

Price 3d.] EDINBURGH, MONDAY, APRIL 16. 1787.

THEATRE ROYAL.

BY PARTICULAR DESIRE.
FOR THE BENEFIT OF
Mr LA-MASH and Mr HALLION.
On WEDNESDAY Evening, April 18. 1787,
WILL BE PRESENTED,
A New Comedy, *(acted here but once)* called,

I'LL TELL YOU WHAT.

This Comedy was written by Mrs INCHBALD, and is now performing with unbounded applause. In its first run at the Theatre-Royal, Haymarket, it was acted thirty-nine successive nights to crowded and overflowing houses.

Mr Euston, Mr WILSON,
In which character he will introduce the
UPS and DOWNS of LIFE.
Mr Anthony Euston, Mr KEMBLE;
Charles Euston, Mr WOODS;
Colonel Downright, Mr W.-WELLS;
Sir George Euston, Mr ILIFF;
Sir Harry Harmleſs, Mr LA-MASH;
And Major Cyprus, Mr WARD.
Lady Harriet Cyprus, Mrs WROTON;
Lady Euston, Mrs SPARKS;
Bloom, Mrs WILSON;
And a Young Lady, Mrs KEMBLE.
The PROLOGUE by Mr ILIFF;
And the EPILOGUE by Mrs KEMBLE.
End of Act III. *(by particular desire)* a SONG,
Written by the EAST-LOTHIAN BARD,
Called, *The Maid that tends the Goats*; or, *Sandy's Delight*,
By Mrs KEMBLE.
End of the PLAY,
An INTERLUDE, taken from Mr FOOT's Comedy of *The Devil upon Two Sticks*, called,

DOCTOR LAST's EXAMINATION
Before the College of Phyſicians.

The Devil, Mr W.-WELLS;
Secretary, Mr CHARTERIS;
Doctor O'Flarty, Mr HALLION,
In which character he will introduce the Song of
SIX BOTTLES MORE.
And Doctor Laſt, Mr MOSS.
To which will be added, a Farce, called, The

ANATOMIST;
OR, THE
SHAM DOCTOR.

Monſieur Medicine, (the French Doctor) Mr LA-MASH;
Old Gerald, Mr CHARTERIS;
Young Gerald, Mr BELL;
Simon, Mr J. BLAND;
Martin, Mr YATES;
And Criſpen, (the Sham Doctor) Mr WILSON.
Doctor's Wife, Mrs CHARTERIS;
Angelica, Mrs J. BLAND;
Waiting Woman, Mrs VILLARS;
And Beatrice, Mrs LA-MASH.

Tickets to be had, and Places for the Boxes taken of Mr GIBB, at the Office of the Theatre; of Mr LA-MASH, No. 8 North St David's Street, St Andrew's Square; and of Mr HALLION, No. 2. Prince's Street.

For the Benefit of Mrs ILIFF,
On SATURDAY next, April 21. will be preſented,
(Not acted this Seaſon)
The much admired COMEDY of

BELLES STRATAGEM.

Doricourt, Mr WARD;
Sir George Touchwood, Mr WOODS;
Flutter, Mr LA-MASH;
Saville, Mr WILMOT-WELLS;
Courtall, Mr HALLION;
Villars, Mr BELL;
Mountebank, Mr SPARKS;
Pilgrim, Mr MICHEL;
Dick, Mr CHARTERIS;
And Hardy, Mr WILSON.
Lady Frances Touchwood, Mrs KEMBLE;
Mrs Racket, Mrs W. WELLS;
Miſs Ogle, Mrs WOODS;
And Letitia Hardy, Mrs JACKSON.
In Act 4th, A GRAND MASQUERADE SCENE,
In which will be introduced,
Several Favourite SONGS, by Mrs ILIFF,
And a MINUET by Mrs JACKSON.
To which will be added, *(by particular desire)*,
The DRAMATIC ROMANCE of

CYMON.

The Characters as will be expreſſed in the Bills.
TICKETS to be had of Mrs ILIFF, at her houſe, No. 4, Shakeſpeare's Square, and of Mr GIBB, at the Office of the Theatre, where places for the Boxes may be taken.

SNUFFS AND TOBACCO.

WILLIAM CAMPBELL, Snuff-maker and Tobacconiſt, at the Turk's Head, north ſide, Luckenbooths, Edinburgh, takes this method of informing his friends and the public, That he has juſt received an aſſortment of Genuine SNUFFS, among which are, TABAC DE BUREAU, TABAC D'ETRENNE, MAQUABA, PARIS, and DUTCH RAPPEE, &c. &c. Has alſo the very beſt Rappee and Common Snuffs, Carrot, Twiſt, and Cut Tobaccos. Begs leave to return his warmeſt thanks for paſt favours.

Seed Barley and Flour.

RAMSAY, WILLIAMSON, and Co. Leith, have for ſale SEED BARLEY, of the fineſt quality, from Suſſex. Alſo,
FLOUR, of the ſame mark as formerly.

Mahogany and Cedar Poſts.

TO be SOLD by public ſale, at the Yard of James Pillans and Company, merchants, Leith, upon Friday the 20th current, at eleven o'clock forenoon,
About 30,000 feet of MAHOGANY, and 300 CEDAR POSTS.

JAMAICA MAHOGANY.

TO be SOLD by public roup at Glaſgow, on Friday the 20th of April 1787,
About Three Hundred and Fifty Planks of JAMAICA MAHOGANY, in lots from 500 to 700 feet, lying in Mr Maurice Murray's yard, Miller's Street.
Apply to Somervell, Gordon, and Company, merchants in Glaſgow. *Glaſgow, April 4. 1787.*

TO be SOLD by public roup, in Millar's Street, on Thurſday the 3d of May next,

Upwards of 190 Planks of Jamaica MAHOGANY,

in lots of 600 to 800 feet each.
It is ſound, of exceeding good quality and lengths, and from 17 to 30 inches broad.—Moſt of it near the latter breadth; and the whole fit for tables or broad furniture.
Apply at Robert Dunmore and Company's countinghouſe, Millar's Street.
Glaſgow, April 13. 1787.

THEATRE-ROYAL.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF
Mr BELL and Mr CHARTERIS.
On THURSDAY Evening, April 19. 1787,
WILL BE PRESENTED,
A COMEDY, *(not acted this ſeaſon)* called The

SCHOOL FOR WIVES:
OR, THE
MARRIED LIBERTINE RECLAIM'D.

Written by the late HUGH KELLY, Eſq;
Author of the *Word to be Wife*, *Clementina*, &c.

This Comedy, in which the Ladies are particularly intereſted, and proper to be addreſſed to the firſt Ornament of the Sex, was therefore inſcribed, with the higheſt admiration and profound reverence, to her Majeſty, not becauſe ſhe is the greateſt of Queens, but becauſe, in the milder and more endearing relations of life, ſhe is the brighteſt pattern of all the female virtues.

Belville, Mr WOODS;
Torrington, Mr MOSS;
Connolly, (the Iriſh Clerk) Mr WARD;
Captain Savage, Mr ILIFF;
Leeſon, Mr WILMOT-WELLS;
Spruce, Mr YATES;
Ghaſtly, Mr CHARTERIS;
Leech, Maſter CHARTERIS;
Crow, Mr J. BLAND;
Wolf, Mr BLAND, Jun.;
And General Savage, Mr WILSON.
Mrs Belville, Mrs SPARKS;
Miſs Leeſon, with a Song *(for that night only)* Mrs KEMBLE;
Mrs Tempeſt, Mrs CHARTERIS;
Lady Rachel Milldew, Mrs WOODS;
Landlady, Mrs LA-MASH;
And Miſs Walſingham, Mrs ROBINSON,
For that night only,
And being her firſt Appearance in that Character.
End of Act II A Favourite Song by Mrs ILIFF.
After the Play, will be performed, a Comic Interlude, as it was acted at the Canongate Theatre, called, The

VINTNER TRICK'D;
OR, THE
WHITE FOX CHAC'D.

Written by HENRY FIELDING, Eſq;
Vizard, (an Engliſh Cheat) Mr BELL;
Solomon Smack, (a Barber's Boy) Mr YATES;
And Mixum, (the Vintner) Mr WILMOT-WELLS.
After the Interlude, will be exhibited *(for this night only)*
A Whimſical Repreſentation of

LEITH RACES.

The Stage will be marked out in the form of the Race Courſe; and the Horſes entered to Start for the
EDINBURGH PLATE,
Are *Sober Jonny*, and *Sandy o'er the Lee*.
Rider for Sober Jonny, (*livery blue*) JACK JOSTLE;
Rider for Sandy o'er the Lee, (*livery pink*)
NED WHISTLEJACKET.
The beſt of Three Heats determines the Plate.
Between the Firſt and Second Heats, Mr BELL will Sing the Ballad of "*The Cobler of Caſtleburry*,"
In the Character of a Ballad Singer.

As the Town Guard is not employed upon this occaſion, it is requeſted, that none of the Spectators will intrude beyond the Lines preſcribed, leſt the Horſes ſhould take fright and run out of the Courſe. N. B. The Cattle to Start, as on the Sands, by Tuck of Drum.
To which will be added, *(never Acted Here)* a Farce, called,

WIT's LAST STAKE.

This little Piece was performed with very great applauſe for the Benefit of Mr KING, of Drury Lane, ſince which it became an unrivalled favourite with the Public. Among many entertaining incidents which it contains, the *Servant* makes a curious Will for his *Maſter*, in which he does not forget *himſelf*.

Martin Sly, Mr BELL;
Old Linger, Mr CHARTERIS;
Caveat, Mr MICHEL;——Item, Mr YATES;
Boy, Maſter CHARTERIS;
And Saville, Mr SPARKS.
Mrs Watchly, Mrs CHARTERIS;
Myra, Mrs LA-MASH;
And Lucetta, Mrs VILLARS.

Meſſ. BELL and CHARTERIS reſpectfully inform their Friends and the Public, that they flatter themſelves this Evening's Entertainment will as uſual claim the honour of their approbation.
Tickets to be had of Mr Charteris, Chalmer's Cloſe; of Mr Gibb, at the Box Office where places for the Boxes may be taken; and of Mr Bell, at Mrs M'Farlane's, Canal Street.

MR SHEENER reſpectfully informs the Public, That by permiſſion of the Governor and Directors of the Muſical Society, his CONCERT is fixed for Saturday next the 21ſt inſtant. The Muſic on this occaſion will be ſelected from the compoſitions of diſtinguiſhed Maſters, and there will be ſeveral beautiful pieces that never were performed in this city. Particulars will be given in a future advertiſement.
Tickets to be had of Mr Sheener, at Mrs Cruickſhanks, ſame ſtair with Corri and Sutherland's muſic ſhop, and at all the Muſic Shops.

Roſs and Cromarty Shires.

THE Sheriff-depute of the ſhires of Roſs and Cromarty does hereby intimate to the Commiſſioners of Supply of ſaid reſpective ſhires, That the Annual General Meetings for aſſeſſing the land-tax, and chuſing a Convener, Collector, and Clerk, are to be held this year on Monday the 30th day of April; for Roſs-ſhire at TAIN, and for Cromarty-ſhire at CROMARTY. And at the ſame time and places are to be held the reſpective firſt Annual General Meetings of the Juſtices of Peace and Commiſſioners of Supply of ſaid counties, for the ſpecial purpoſe and buſineſs of the Highways, Bridges, and Ferries, within their reſpective bounds, in terms of the act of the 11th year of his preſent Majeſty.
The Committee appointed by the laſt General Meeting of the Juſtices of Peace and Commiſſioners of Supply of Roſs-ſhire to meet and examine the accompts of their Collector, Clerk of Police, and Road Superintendants, will pleaſe obſerve, That their Meeting holds at Tain on Saturday the 28th day of April current. DONn. M'LEOD,
Sheriff-depute and Convener.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

ANdrew Bartholomew, merchant in Linlithgow, intimates to all concerned, That the copartnerſhip carried on by him and James Waterſon, tanner in Linlithgow, under the firm of WATERSON and BARTHOLOMEW, ceaſes and diſſolves againſt the term of Whitſunday next 1787. And, in order that the affairs of the Company may be winded up againſt ſaid term, all perſons having claims againſt ſaid Company, are deſired immediately to give in their accounts to the ſaid Andrew Bartholomew.—Not to be repeated.

To-morrow will be publiſhed,
Neatly printed on a new type, one vol. 12mo, price 3 s. 6 d. in boards, and 4 s bound,
Dedicated to the Lord Provoſt, Magiſtrates, and Council,
THE

HISTORY OF EDINBURGH,

FROM
The earlieſt Accounts to the preſent Time:
BY WAY OF
GUIDE TO THE CITY AND SUBURBS.
EMBELLISHED WITH A PLAN OF THE TOWN,
AS ALSO
A MAP OF THE ENVIRONS.

The Radius, eleven miles eaſt, ſouth, and weſt, with all the Direct and Croſs Roads within that diſtance.
By ALEXANDER KINCAID.

EDINBURGH:—Printed for the Author, and ſold by R. N. CHEYNE, Bookſeller, No. 4. St Andrew's Street, New Town.

CONTENTS.

PART I. A Conciſe Hiſtory of the City.
PART II. A General Deſcription of the City, and of its various Improvements.
PART II. An Account of the Principal Buildings, &c.
PART IV. A General Hiſtory of the Town of Leith, from 1128 to the preſent period, with ſeveral extracts from the pariſh records during the uſurpation of Oliver Cromwell:—As alſo, An abſtract of the number of people who died of the dreadful Plague 1645, never before publiſhed. To which is annexed, an Account of the Principal Buildings, Streets, &c. with the Hiſtory of Newhaven.

An Appendix, containing many curious particulars, viz. Mary Queen of Scots, her misfortunes, from the death of Darnley till her flight into England. The Marquis of Montroſe, his cruel treatment and execution at Edinburgh. The Darien Expedition, the probable reaſons of its overthrow, and account of ſuch adventurers as went there to ſettle. The Mob at Glaſgow, 1725. The Trial of Captain Porteous. Proceedings of the Magiſtrates of Edinburgh reſpecting the Rebellion 1745.

To which is alſo annexed, *a Gazetteer of the County*, in alphabetical order, being a Liſt of the Noblemen and Gentlemen's Seats, Towns, Villages, Farm-houſes, Mountains with their height above the ſea, and their reſpective diſtances from Edinburgh in ſtatute miles, *crow-flight*.

N. B. This Gazetteer, with the Map of the Environs, may be had without the Hiſtory, Price 1 s.

Edinburgh, 14th April 1787.

ALEXANDER D'ASTI returns his moſt reſpectful thanks to his friends, for the encouragement which he has met with ſince his arrival in this Metropolis, and begs leave to inform the Nobility, Gentry, and the Public in general, That he continues to teach the French and German Languages, on the ſame terms with the other teachers in this city.

Mr D'ASTI propoſes to publiſh immediately a NEW GUIDE to the FRENCH LANGUAGE, compoſed of ſuch Inſtructions, as will be found to lead young people to the right underſtanding and proper orthography of that language; and expreſſed in a manner better adapted to the capacities of young people than any other hitherto publiſhed. To which will be added, a Short Syſtem of French Book-keeping; calculated both to promote the knowledge of the moſt eaſy ſtyle in the French Language, and the method of arranging and adjuſting accounts of buſineſs, which, in a trading country, can never be unacceptable.

Subſcriptions taken in by Mr Creech, Mr E. Balfour, Mr Gordon, Bookſellers; and by Alexander D'Aſti, firſt Scale Stair, Blackfriar's Wynd.

LETTER,

The Committee of Reform of Inverneſs.
To The Magiſtrates and Council of Inverneſs.

GENTLEMEN, *April 7. 1787.*

AS our Committee of Reform find it neceſſary to make ſome requiſitions againſt the Magiſtrates and Town-Council of Inverneſs, under form of inſtrument; and as we have hitherto conducted the buſineſs of Reform with the greateſt moderation and temper, and reſolve to conduct our whole proceedings in that important buſineſs in the ſame manner; we conſider it proper to give you information of our intention, and to requeſt that you will either call a Council of purpoſe, or inform any of us when the firſt Council will hold, that the above-mentioned Proteſt may be taken; and that the ſame, with any anſwer that may be made to our requiſitions, may be ingroſſed, in a cool and deliberate manner, which we think a more proper plan for all concerned than if the above Proteſt was taken againſt either of you at your dwelling-houſes, without previous intimation to you of our intention: We tranſmit this letter to the Proveſt, not doubting but he will communicate it to the other Magiſtrates and members of Council. And if we have no anſwer to this letter againſt Monday evening, we ſhall take the above-mentioned Proteſt on Tueſday, at the Proveſt's dwelling-houſe. And we remain, GENTLEMEN,

Your moſt obedient humble ſervants,
(Signed) *William Scott*, P.
Robert Rodgers, Sec. *pro tempore*.
Alex. Macleod, *pro* D. C.
Will. Macdonald, Deacon of the Wrights.
Lachlan Dallas, D. of the Skinners.
Roderick Macdonald, D. of the Shoemakers.
John Reſs, D. of the Tailors.
Alex. Freſer, D. of the Weavers.

Inverneſs, April 7. 1787.

Addreſſed at the Foot,
To the Proveſt, Bailies, and Town-Council of Inverneſs.
Addreſſed on the Back,
To WILLIAM MACINTOSH, Eſq; *Proveſt of Inverneſs.*

At Inverneſs, the 10th day of April One Thouſand Seven Hundred and Eighty-ſeven years, and of his Majeſty's reign the Twenty-ſeventh year.

IN preſence of me, Notary Public, and the Witneſſes ſubſcribing, compeared perſonally William Scott, Eſquire, merchant in Inverneſs, late one of the Bailies of that Burgh, Preſes of the Burgeſſes and Inhabitants of Inverneſs, complaining to the Parliament of Great Britain of certain abuſes in the Internal Government of the ſaid Burgh, and in the Election of the Magiſtrates and Councillors thereof, and of abuſes in the expenditure of the annual revenue of the Burgh, and in the manner of accompting for the ſame; Donald Smith merchant in Inverneſs, Secretary to the ſaid Burgeſſes and Inhabitants, and Alexander Macleod ſadler in Inverneſs, late Convener of the Six Incorporated Trades of Inverneſs, having power from John Grant, their preſent Convener, who is confined by indiſpoſition, to appear in his place; all for themſelves, and in name and behalf of the whole Heritors, Burgeſſes, Trades, and Inhabitants of Inverneſs who ſubſcribed the Petition to the Parliament of Great Britain above referred to, and whoſe power of procuratory, to the effect after mentioned, was ſufficiently known to me the Notary Public ſubſcribing; and paſſed with us to the perſonal preſence of William Macintoſh, Eſquire, Proveſt of Inverneſs; and then, and there, the ſaid William Scott, Donald Smith, and Alexander Macleod ſeverally, repreſented, That the Heritors, Burgeſſes, Trades, and Inhabitants of Inverneſs, conſidering themſelves *leſed* and *aggrived* by the conſtant dilapidation of the property of the community by the Magiſtrates of Inverneſs, in favours of themſelves and their dependants at an under value; by the contraction of debts, and by the manner in which the revenues of the Burgh are expended by the Magiſtrates in entertainments, more calculate to raiſe their own ſelf-importance, than for the benefit or aggrandizement of the Borrough, by the manner in which the funds of the Guildry, or Merchant Incorporation levied quarterly from their private pockets, *are* managed and expended by the Magiſtrates *all without controul*; whereby the ſpirit of commerce, induſtry, and manufactures are much cramped and diſcouraged—Did therefore prefer a petition to the Parliament of Great Britain, which is ſubſcribed by Three Hundred and Ten Burgeſſes and Heritors, complaining of the above, and other abuſes in the management of the Burgh, election of the Magiſtrates, expenditure of the revenues, and manner of accompting for the ſame—*And* that they were informed, the Magiſtrates and ſome of the Town Council of Inverneſs had lately taken upon them to give inſtructions to their repreſentative to be ſubmitted to Parliament, or were about to give inſtructions to that purpoſe; and in the event, that they had given ſuch directions, or were about to give ſuch inſtructions or directions, they, in name and behalf foreſaid, PROTESTED, That any ſuch inſtructions or directions ſhould be conſidered as partial, and inconſiſtent with the general voice of the community of Inverneſs; becauſe the oppoſition made to the ſaid application for a Reform, was not even the unanimous voice of the preſent Town Council of Inverneſs, which was principally compoſed of a fit of near kinſmen and relations, and their dependents, who were ſelf-elected by themſelves, and tranſmitted the power and management of the Borgh as an heretage for thirty years back; and the fact being, That of the Town Council, at the Michaelmas election in the year One Thouſand Seven Hundred and Eighty-four, Ten perſons of the Twenty-one who then compoſed the Council of Inverneſs, have ſubſcribed the Petition for a Reform; and the fact alſo being, that the whole inhabitants of Inverneſs approve of the ſaid application to Parliament, except a majority of the preſent Town-council: And therefore the ſaid William Scott, Donald Smith, and Alexander Macleod required the ſaid William Macintoſh, Eſquire, to ſay, Whether or not he and his adherents of the Town Council of Inverneſs, had given any directions to the repreſentative in Parliament, to oppoſe the above mentioned bill of Reform; and in the event they did ſo, they required the ſaid William Macintoſh to mention the number of perſons, and the names of the perſons (if there are any except the Council) who authorized the Proveſt, Magiſtrates, and Council to give ſuch directions or inſtructions to the repreſentative in Parliament. To all which the ſaid William Macintoſh anſwered, That he did not conſider himſelf bound to give any explicit anſwer to the firſt part of the requiſition; and the ſecond part of the requiſition being again ſtated to him, he anſwered, That he was not authoriſed by any inhabitant of Inverneſs to give oppoſition to the bill of Reform, except by a majority of thoſe who compoſed the preſent Town Council of Inverneſs—And therefore the ſaid William Scott, Donald Smith, and Alexander Macleod ſeverally proteſted, That any inſtructions which the ſaid William Macintoſh, or the other Magiſtrates of Inverneſs, and their adherents in Council had already given, or might hereafter take upon them to give, to [illegible] any other member of the Houſe of Commons, or Houſe of Peers, ſhall not be conſtrued or underſtood to import or convey to the Parliament of Great Britain, the voice, ſentiments, or wiſhes of the Inhabitants of Inverneſs with regard to the bill now to be preſented in their name for a correction of the abuſes therein mentioned; and that the ſaid William Macintoſh, and his adherents in Council, ſhould be conjunctly and ſeverally liable to them, and the other perſons for whom they appear as procurators, in all coſt, ſkaith, intereſt, damage, or expences, which they had already ſuſtained, or might hereafter ſuſtain, by and through their making any oppoſition to the ſaid application for a Reform, or by and through their conduct in the other particulars above mentioned, or any part thereof, any manner of way: And thereupon, and upon all and ſundry the premiſes, the ſaid William Scott, Donald Smith, and Alexander Macleod ſeverally aſked and took inſtruments in the hands of me, Notary Public ſubſcribing. Theſe things were done in the perſonal preſence of the ſaid William Macintoſh, within his dwelling-houſe in Inverneſs, between the hours of ſix and eight in the afternoon of the day firſt above mentioned, before and in preſence of Malcolm Wright and Donald Macpherſon, both clerks to me Notary Public ſubſcribing, witneſſes to the premiſſes, eſpecially called, and required, and hereto with me ſubſcribing.

Premiſſa atteſtor,
ALEXANDER MACPHERSON, N. P.
MALCOM WRIGHT, Witneſs.
DON. MACPHERSON, Witneſs.

Auction of Muſlins, &c.

TO be SOLD by auction, on Tueſday the 17th inſtant, and following days, at the Ediaburgh Vendue, ſecond fore ſtair below the Croſs Well, ſouth ſide of the High Street,
A Large Aſſortment of plain, ſtriped, and chequered MUSLINS, MUSLIN HANDKERCHIEFS, and fine MUSLINET VESTS for Gentlemen, of the neweſt patterns, being the remaining ſtock of a manufacturer giving up buſineſs.
The Muſlins will be put up in pieces, or cut, as the purchaſers may incline; the Handkerchiefs in half dozens.
Time of Sale from eleven till three o'clock, and to continue till all is ſold.

Judicial Sale of Lands in Sutherland.

TO be SOLD, within the Parliament or New Seſſion-houſe of Edinburgh, before the Lord Ordinary on the bills, on the 20th day of June 1787, between the hours of five and ſeven in the afternoon,
The Lands, Barony, and Eſtate of SKELBO, which belonged to the deceaſed James Lord Duffus, and thereafter to Kenneth Lord Duffus, his ſon, lying within the pariſhes of Dornoch, Golſpie, Clyne, Creech, Kildonan and Rogart, and county of Sutherland.
The groſs rent of the whole lands extends to 726 l. 2 s. 10 d. 10-12ths Sterling; and, after deducting feu-duties and ſchool-ſalaries, and ſetting apart one fifth for teind, the free yearly rent amounts to 558 l. 16 s. 9 d. 7-12ths Sterling, which being valued at twenty-five years purchaſe, will be expoſed at the upſet-price of L. 13,970 19 11 7-12ths
And the privilege of purchaſing the free teind being 62 l. 4 s. 0 d. 4-12ths Sterling, is valued at five years purchaſe, or - 311 0 1 8-12ths
Total upſet-price of ſtock and teind 14,282 0 1 3-12ths
The whole lands hold fee of the family of Sutherland.
Further particulars will be communicated by Alexander Mackenzie writer to the ſignet, and the rental and articles of roup may be ſeen in the office of Mr John Callender, depute clerk of Seſſion.

THE Louisa (alias) Sr. Jesus de Bom fiam Santa Maria, De Britto, from Goa to Lisbon, having sprung a leak and put into Trincomale, and there landed her cargo, and proceeded in ballast to Bengal, where she has had a thorough repair, from whence she would sail the beginning of December for Trincomale, to take in her cargo, and proceed for Lisbon; supposed would leave it the latter end of December, or early in January.

The Manchester checks, blue velverets, &c. that floated on shore near Baldsey Bay, is supposed to be a part of the cargo of the Hope, Park, from Liverpool for Africa.

The Catharine, Riely, from Cork for the Baltic, has run into the Texel leaky, and with loss of masts, and two hands washed overboard.

The Irene, Geise, from Liverpool to Memel, is stranded at Stornaway, part of the cargo saved.

LONDON, — *April* 13.

Wednesday morning his Majesty took the diversion of hunting. A stag was turned out early between Bracknell and Workingham, and gave much sport. His Majesty's horse was so much jaded in the chace, that he was forced to return to Windsor in a hired coach. The field was well attended.

Yesterday their Majesties made a visit to Sir George and Lady Howard, at their house near Windsor.

We are happy to inform our readers, that the Princess Elisabeth is now perfectly recovered from her long indisposition, and has regained her wonted looks and spirits.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester has sent over several urns, and other antique curiosities, which have been collected in Italy, as presents to his Majesty.

The 11th regiment of dragoons is given to Sir Joseph Yorke, whose late regiment (the 5th) is given to General Douglas.

Yesterday morning, was married by a special license, the Right Hon. Lord Caresford, to Miss Grenville, sister to the Marquis of Buckingham.

On Monday evening the new born daughter of the Earl of Eglintoune was christened at his Lordship's house in Conduit-street, Hanover-square, by the name of Mary.

The Imperial Ambassador has frequent private conferences with the Ministry, on some political matters, relative, it is said, to the Electorate of Hanover.

The Commissaries of the army who lately served in America, are to undergo a personal examination before a Committee of the House of Commons, for the ascertainment of several matters of great consequence.

The divisions and disaffection of the people of North America, to the arbitrary mandates of its usurped sovereignty, rendered it necessary for Congress to adopt some mode which might tend to unite the several States together, for which purpose they began by the *massacre* in cool blood of the Indian Chiefs, who had assembled in their usual manner to hold a general Council. It is also generally believed, that Congress are at the bottom of the insurrections of the noted Shea and his followers, who have, by way of a feint, sought the protection of the British government in Canada, whilst Congress is raising a standing army to awe the revolting States into perfect obedience and submission.

In consequence of the massacre of the Indian Chiefs, about 1700 of their warriors assembled at the Shawanese towns, and were to be reinforced by 800 more, for the cruel purposes of retaliation. The first unhappy objects that fell in their way were fourteen men and two women, the latter of whom they burnt before the men's faces, and the former suffered the same fate a few days afterwards. The women proved to be the wife and daughter of a Captain Moore. The Indian nations who are most inveterate against the Americans, are the Cherokees and Shawanese, and it is their intention to carry slaughter down the Ohio, as soon as their corn is secured.

Whatever may be the motives of Congress in prosecuting an Indian war, it must be attended with the most dreadful calamities to those unhappy families whose estates are situated near these irritated nations—but humanity is not one of the characteristics of the United States of America.

An order of Council has been issued for an account of all the expences incurred by the subsistence of American, French, Spanish, and Dutch prisoners during the late war, distinguishing those of each nation separately, with the sums that have been paid, and the money now due on that account. It is also ordered to make up an account of the monies paid for the subsistence of English prisoners during the war, and of the amount of what, if any is due, and to whom for that purpose, up to the 25th of March last.

A letter from on board the Lord Hyde packet-boat arrived at Falmouth from New York says, that the day before they sailed the General Washington, carrying 20 guns, arrived there from Madeira, laden with wines, and brought in with them an Algerine corsair which they had taken after an engagement of an hour and a half. Captain Henderson, of the Washington, says, he had no irons of his own to put on the prisoners, but he found plenty on board the corsair, which he made use of, as they began to be very outrageous. They intended to dispose of the prisoners in the following manner, to send to the Dey to exchange some Americans for them, and if that was refused, that they then should be made slaves of, and treated in the same manner as the Algerines treat their prisoners.

Extract of a letter from New York, Feb. 23.

"A system for a regulation of trade between the American States and the English is nearly completed; but a treaty of commerce between the two countries seems as far off as ever, at least as far as public report goes. There are now four Indian Chiefs in this capital to conclude treaties with Congress, which are the first since America procured her independence. Several vessels are now fitting for the fisheries, to which the Government pay prodigious attention."

Yesterday there was a meeting of the West India merchants at Mr Pitt's house in Downing street.

Wednesday, a General Court was held at the tion of six Directors of the Company for four years, in the room of those who went out by rotation.

The candidates were, William Devaynes, Stephen Lushington, J. Fraser, James Moffatt, Nathaniel Smith, and Thomas Fitzhugh, Esqrs. on the House interest; and John Lewis and Thomas Pattle, jun. Esqrs. and Sir Benjamin Hammett, on the independent interest.

The ballot began at nine o'clock in the morning, and continued till six in the evening, when the glasses were closed and delivered to the scrutineers, who made the report as follows:

William Devaynes, Esq;		743
T. Fitzhugh, Esq;		637
T. Pattle, jun. Esq;		603
J. Moffatt, Esq;	—	543
S. Lushington, Esq;		516
N. Smith, Esq;	—	603
James Fraser,	—	553
Sir Benjamin Hammet, Esq;		448
John Lewis, Esq;	—	405

The first six were of course chosen.

Yesterday, the Court of Directors for the Honourable East India Company, elected John Motteux, Esq; Chairman, and Nathaniel Smith, Esq; Deputy Chairman, for the year ensuing. The Court also filled up their Committees as follow:

Francis Baring, Esq; C. M. T.
William Bensley, Esq; GT. P. PG. S.
Edmund Boehm, Esq; GT. P. PG. S.
Jacob Bosanquet, Esq; A. B. H. W.
Thomas Cheap, Esq; C. M. T.
Geo. Cuming, Esq; C. GT. M. P. PG. S. T.
William Devaynes, Esq; C. M. T.
Lionel Darrel, Esq; A. B. H. W.
Hon. William Elphingstone, GT. P. PG. S.
Thomas Fitzhugh, Esq; GT. P. PG. S.
John Hunter, Esq; A. B. H. W.
Hugh Inglis, Esq; A. B. H. W.
Stephen Lushington, Esq; A. B. H. W.
Paul Le Mesurier, Esq; A. B. H. W.
John Manship, Esq; C. M. T.
James Moffat, Esq; C. GT. M. P. PG. S. T.
Tho. Pattle, jun. Esq; GT. M. P. PG. S. T.
John Roberts, Esq; C. M. T.
Joseph Sparkes, Esq; C. M. T.
John Smith, Esq; C. GT. M. P. PG. S. T.
John Travers, Esq; GT. M. P. PG. S. T.
John Townson, Esq; A. B. H. W.

A. stands for Accounts. B. for Buying. C. for Correspondence. GT. for Government Troops and Stores. H. for House. M. for Military Fund. P. for Private Trade. PG. for Preventing Growth of Private Trade. S. for Shipping. T. for Treasury. And W. for Warehouses.

A Court of Directors will be held this day, for the purpose of swearing in the Chairmen, and to receive the Captains of the Heartwell and Belvidere, who are expected to take leave of the Court.

By letters received on Wednesday from Stockholm, we learn, that his Swedish Majesty has abolished the East India Company of that place, and has taken the trade entirely under his own protection. In consequence of which, several ships are now fitting out, which will sail very soon, and are to take large quantities of silver, copper, iron, lead, and flax, to China.

The following is the account of the ordinary of the navy, as made up to the 31st of March, and sent up to the Admiralty Board by the officers of the several dock-yards, previous to the passing of their accounts:

At Deptford, eighteen frigates, twelve sloops, and three cutters.

At Woolwich, one of 74 guns, one of 50, nineteen frigates, and ten sloops.

At Sheerness, seven ships of the line, from 64 to 74 guns, one of 50, ten frigates, and nine sloops.

At Chatham, thirty-five ships of the line, eight of 50 guns, twenty-one frigates, and eleven sloops and cutters.

At Portsmouth, forty-five ships of the line, from 110 to 64 guns, one of 50, twenty-eight frigates, and nine sloops.

At Plymouth, thirty-seven ships of the line, from 110 to 64 guns, two of 50, twelve frigates, and four sloops.

In all, one hundred and twenty-five line, thirteen of 50 guns, one hundred and nine frigates, and fifty-eight sloops or cutters.

Since the last quarterly account, one new ship, of 74 guns, launched at Deptford yard.

A private letter from Portsmouth says, that orders are come down to get the Vestal frigate ready for sea with all expedition, and to take in provision for twelve months. On receiving the above orders, the men were ordered to work double tides, till the necessary repairs were finished. She is to be manned by a draft made from the ships in ordinary. It is conjectured she is bound for the East Indies, with dispatches for Lord Cornwallis.

Strange as it may appear, we are credibly informed of the fact, that the transports for Botany Bay have not as yet sailed; the cause does not arise from the Minister, but from those whom it more immediately concerns to procure fit vessels for such a purpose; those already employed run from about 150 to 300 tons, which on account of the quantity of convicts, and the necessary separation of them in small parties, have been found inadequate both for the purposes of health and of convenience; the consequence has been, that many of the convicts have been re-landed in a state of sickness, and the whole embarkation at present stands still.

Which is the worst character, may be a subject for a Debating Society to determine—a pawnbroker gaining his living by the receipt of stolen goods—or a member of Parliament receiving a bribe for his vote, which bribe is property stolen from the public.

Another question, apropos to the same subject might be debated,—Whether the greater criminality is in the elected by selling his vote, or in the electors selling their suffrages.

The encrease of business at the Post-office, chiefly owing to the speedy conveyance and delivery of has rendered the enlargement of the in-land office necessary; and they have added full one third more to it, by erecting a building in the back yard, and enclosing the porch in front, where letters were formerly put—this new front has two windows, and over each is written—"For letters paid with, and overcharges returned;"—to the right of them, and on the west corner, is a number of holes cut, with the following inscription,—"these holes for letters not paid with,"—the whole being formed to prevent that confusion which the former place occasioned when crowded.—The office where the letter carriers arrange their letters, is also enlarging; and an office is going to be opened for the sole purpose of putting in newspapers, whereby numerous complaints will be avoided.

It is said, that a scheme is on foot to remove the American mails from the inland to the foreign department, which they in fact now belong to, as no longer holding of the Crown of Great Britain.

Mr Orde, it is said, will resign his office of Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland on the close of the present sessions, in consequence of his ill state of health; report also adds, that he will be succeeded by Mr Wilberforce.

The police bill of Dublin, brought forward as an experiment, has proved most salutary in its effects; in consequence of which, a general police is to be established.

Mr Sheridan's intended motion relative to more closely cementing England and Ireland together, will be made immediately after the recess is over. Such a motion is called for most loudly by all true lovers of each kingdom, who have penetration to look forward to events which must arise unless seasonably prevented. The Ministry are rather roused by the notice given by Mr Sheridan; for the angry boy is now convinced of his temerity in having attempted to crush a genius so superior to his own.

At a dinner given not many days since by a noble Lord to a young Personage of high distinction, and rather too mixed a company, a remark was made replete with sterling wit and justly spirited indignation. On the departure of the visitors, an officer, at whom our fashionable readers may easily guess, either by accident or intention, hastened the foremost out of the dining room, and was on the point of leaving immediately behind him a royal and ill-treated patron, when the latter pushing him contemptuously aside, went on, exclaiming, *the benefactor goes first, and ingratitude too generally follows.*

The national affection to the Prince of Wales daily increases; that his Highness should dispose of his stud was a rare instance of self denial; but that he should relinquish being even a witness to the sport of the late meeting at Newmarket, is a proof of forbearance unexampled in the history of princes.

Wednesday morning the Duc de Lausanne paid his farewell visit to his friends in this metropolis, and set out on his return to Paris.

Governor Desbarres is preparing to return from Cape Breton; the government of which island he has been superseded in by the minister, in a manner equally sudden and nouvelle.

The King of Prussia is doing that for which David was reprehended—numbering his people, in order to determine the increase or decrease of population throughout his dominions.

Give a Prince on the coast of Guinea, a few lumps of *stained glass*, or his Queen and family beads and baubles, and he would pardon rapine and cruelty, and even countenance the delinquent;—while a *handful* of *diamonds*, presented to any Potentate on the Continent of Europe, even the Sultan,—would, in such a case, be rejected with indignation!

The account charged for the journeys of Sir Elijah Impey, in India, amounts, it is said, to 42,000 Benares rupees. The salary of this gentleman is 8000 l. sterling a year; which, notwithstanding his absence from his employment, he is regularly paid.

The dependence of Mr Hastings's friends is now in the House of Lords, where the Chancellor, Lord Camden, and Lord Lansdown, are expected to be his strenuous advocates. The vote of the Archbishop of York, as the father of Mr Markham, may be also guessed at; but the Archbishop is no orator. Dallas is to be opening counsel in the defence, and it is rumoured that he is to be supported by the Attorney and Solicitor General, and Mr Pigot. West minster-hall is to be fitted up, anand exhibition made of all the first beauties of the land.

The East India Company are much alarmed at the infringement on their charter, by a traffic carried on to the Indies by some London adventurers: The ships intended for this expedition will sail under Danish and other colours; but as our ministry have had councils on the subject, we hope some active means will be taken to check the innovation.

Nothing can be more ridiculous than the assertion, that an appeal lies against the Scots election of Peers, because the Dukes of Gordon and Queensberry gave their votes. They voted for the Court candidate, who was unsuccessful, and therefore their votes can only be of consequence in case any of Lord Kinnaird's should be unqualified, and certainly some of them are questionable. Nothing is so easy as to assume a title and give a vote at a Scots election, because the clerks of session have not the power to refuse any one vote that is offered. We see votes for each of the candidates that are questionable; but at the same time there is a clear, indisputable majority for the noble Peers who were returned on the independent interest.

The idea of the Prince of Wales's vote, as Duke of Rothsay, being incorrect, is propagated in ignorance. The Heir Apparent was born Duke of Rothsay; he could not be created, and his vote has therefore all the validity of any of the Scots titles held by English noblemen before the Union.

The most remarkable occurrence of the fencing match at Carleton-house, was the assault between Mons. De St George, and Mademoiselle D'Eon: the latter, though incumbered, as she humourously declared it herself, with *three petticoats*, that suited her sex much better than her spirit, not only parried skilfully all the thrusts of her powerful antagonist, but even touched him by what is termed a *Coup de Tems*, which all his dexterity could not ward off. We hear that a celebrated painter has undertaken to hit off the *semblance* and attitude of the *hero* and *heroine*, in this very interesting scene.

On the conclusion of Monday's assault, at Carlton, Monsieur St George finding a number of gentlemen were desirous of seeing him fence, who were not of the Prince's party, with much politeness withdrew to Reda's fencing room, where he continued in assaults from nine to eleven, to the infinite satisfaction of every amateur and master present.

Dr Priestley entertains Mr Pitt with the following parable. "With respect to the Bishopricks, Deaneries, Prebends, and other appendages of hierarchy, which you represented as essential to the good estates of the kingdom, I shall tell you a true story, and leave the application to yourself. A farm in this country was famous for producing cheese of the finest flavour; but the meadows had, for ages, been full of ant hills. These the proprietor wished to have removed, but the farmer remonstrated, maintaining that the peculiar excellence of his cheese depended upon them; and said that he must quit his farm if they were disturbed. The proprietor, however, persisted in his purpose, and in consequence of this the tenant did leave the farm, and another came in his place; and he found cheese more in quantity, than it had produced before, and equal in quality."

The Treaty of Commerce with France will shortly make a great alteration in religious matters; for, by the 5th article, it is provided, "In matters of religion, the subjects of the two crowns shall enjoy perfect liberty; They shall not be compelled to attend divine service, whether in churches or elsewhere; but on the contrary, they shall be permitted without any molestation, to perform the exercises of their religion privately in their own houses, and in their own way." These words mean much more than they seem at first to import. Papists cannot perform the exercises of their religion without priests; and of course it is implied from this article, that their priests shall be tolerated; and as no test or subscription can now be required of them, they will enjoy a most unlimited toleration. "Privately in their own houses," are words of great latitude and extent. The priest who is saying mass, and exempted in so doing from the penal laws, is not bound to perform his spiritual duties for the benefit of the family only; others may be present; and as no number is limited, any number may be collected. By this means, this private assembly becomes virtually, and for the purpose required, a public one; and as no common room can contain a multitude, a large one may be built for their accommodation, and thus a public meeting house is obtained.

It is an alarming circumstance to every well-wisher to Britain, that, by the operation of the late Treaty, the produce of Ireland stands in a more favoured situation in France, than in this country; and that our sister kingdom is united to this country by the strongest of all ties—INTEREST—Whilst she is driven from England by restrictive laws, that trammel and cramp her commerce, France is giving enjoyments and privileges, denied our fellow subjects of the sister isle.

The kidnapping of boys, for the back settlements of America, is practised at present by some infamous persons in Dublin, encouraged, no doubt, and well paid by Captains of Vessels bound to the American market. In confirmation of this, we are assured of the authenticity of the following fact:—That a few days since a hair-dresser having lost his son, at length received intelligence, after a most diligent search through the town, that he was seen to go down the river in a boat, where there were three or four other boys; and hearing there was a vessel in the river about to sail for America, he got two or three stout fellows to go with him to the ship. Having come along side, the father went on board; and while he was inquiring of the mate concerning his son, he chanced to spy him between decks. He instantly collared the mate, and called his friends in the boat to his assistance; who springing up, swore they would throw the mate overboard, if he did not instantly deliver up the boy. He was obliged to comply, as also to deliver up three or four more boys, who said they were enticed on board against their knowledge and consent. The son, on coming ashore, said, there were several more boys on board, who, he was certain, were kidnapped in the same manner with himself, by being enticed and asked by some boatmen, if they would take a pleasant trip down the river for an hour or two. It is further said, that the vessel sailed the morning after the above transaction, carrying off several boys, who, in all likelihood, will never see their parents again. This atrocious transaction should induce the City Magistrates, from time to time, to have a strict eye on all vessels bound to America, in order to put a stop to such an infamous traffic,—*Freem. Journ.*

As a proof the country magistrates are more attentive than the London ones, some days ago, Mr Cowper in his road to Lord Oxford's, was followed and secured by some people at Bartonmills, who took him on a suspicion that he was the notorious Barrington, from the extraordinary length of his fingers.

Mr Cowper humoured the thing, till he was carried to Lord Oxford's, at which place the matter was set right, and the countryman, who secured him, was informed that he had mistaken his man—that the Gentleman was a lawyer, &c. &c. "A lawyer," said the disappointed rustic—"Ay, I thought those long fingers were not given him for nothing."

The celebrated Dr Saunderson, the *blind* Mathematical Professor of Cambridge, being in a very large company, observed, without any hesitation or enquiry, that a lady, who had just left the room, and whom he did not know, had *very fine teeth*. As this was really the case, he was questioned as to the means he employed in making such a discovery. I have no reason to think the lady a fool, said the Doctor; and I have given the only reason she could have for keeping herself in a continual laugh for an hour together.

Tartan is become so [illegible] ...nion with the ladies, that the gent[illegible] have some serious thoughts of adopting the *kilt* or petticoat worn by the Highlanders—and if the wind should prevail—*are they to blame?*

The ceremony of the inſtallation of a poor Knight was performed on Sunday laſt at Windſor, in St George's church, during divine ſervice in the afternoon; he was introduced in the uſual manner, between two of the junior Knights; and being conducted to his hall, his patent of creation was delivered to him.

The name of this gentleman is Redman, by profeſſion a dancing-maſter, and who taught his Majeſty's father, as well as the preſent King to fence. The manner in which this poor old gentleman (for he is in the 85th year of his age) was brought to his preſent comfortable ſituation, ought not to be kept from public notice: His Majeſty, who ſome years back, had ſettled upon him 100 l. per annum, heard by accident he had been compelled to ſell the annuity, and was a priſoner for debt in the King's Bench priſon; directions were therefore given from the King to liberate him from his confinement; and his Majeſty, out of his own privy purſe, having paid his creditors, gave him the place of poor Knight, which will enable him to end the remaining few days of his life in peace and comfort.

A letter from Conſtantinople, dated Feb. 23th. ſays, that prophets ſpring up in Turkey juſt as faſt as the Egyptian gods did of yore in the kitchen-gardens. Sketch Manſour propheſies on Mount Caucaſus, and finds believers. Another impoſtor of the ſame kind has juſt ſet up his ſtandard in Souria. He goes by the name of Hadiſhdere Bay, lives in open rebellion, and is powerfully ſupported by a ſtrong party of armed followers.

By accounts received from Naples, we learn, that about the beginning of laſt month, a violent eruption of Mount Veſuvius had taken place; and about the ſame time, the principality of Ulterior Calabria had again been viſited by an alarming ſhock of an earthquake; but no material damage had happened.

The States General having lately propoſed raiſing their annual taxes, the following ſhews the ratio that each province pays, ſuppoſing the ſum wanted to be one million of ducats, and in proportion for larger ſums.

The province of Holland,	420,000
Zealand,	130,000
Frieſland,	170,000
Utrecht,	85,000
Groningen,	75,000
Guelderland,	70,000
Overyſſel,	50,000

Out of the ſum of 420,000 ducats raiſed in the province of Holland, the city of Amſterdam furniſhes upwards of 320,000.

By a letter from Normandy we learn, that a duel had taken place in the month of March, at Caen; the particular account of which ſeems to be as follows:—Two officers, of equal rank, belonging to a regiment quartered here, having unhappily quarelled, one in his rage ſtruck the other; the blow was returned, and the combatants parted. They immediately retired without the town, each armed with a ſmall ſword, and accompanied by a ſecond. In a few minutes they were both ſeverely wounded, but neither mortally, though diſabled from fighting with ſwords, and in this condition were carried to quarters. The circumſtance of a blow was conſidered in ſo ſerious light, that the Colonel convened the corps, and the reſult of their deliberation was, that one of the officers muſt die! This reſolution was communicated to the combatants, accompanied by an information, that the corps expected they would again go out, and determine the affair with piſtols. They accordingly took the field, each being borne in a chair, and ten officers of the army attending. The firſt ſhot was fired by the officer who received the blow, and the ball lodged in the aggreſſor's body; he however returned the fire, but miſſed his antagoniſt—the third ſhot took place in his breaſt, and he ſunk, but not lifeleſs, though unable to hold a piſtol. They were again removed to quarrers—the corps again met, and reſolved, that if both the combatants recovered, they ſhould again take the field—the aggreſſor however died, and was buried with military honours. A few days after his death, the brother of the ſurvivor arrived at Caen from Bourdeaux—an expreſs had been ſent to him, and he came, for the purpoſe of revenging his brother's honour and death, in caſe his opponent had ſurvived.

The late duel at Caen in Normandy is one of the moſt ſtriking inſtances of the force of profeſſional prejudice and falſe principles of miſtaken honour, that the annals of ſingle combat can produce.—A blow is given and inſtantly returned; a duel enſues, in which both parties are ſo diſabled as not to be able to renew the conteſt with ſwords; here the matter reſts; when (O! Shame to humanity!) the Colonel of their regiment convenes all the other officers of the corps, and the *amiable* deciſion of this meeting is—that *one* of theſe two miſtaken men *muſt die*.—This determination is announced to the wounded men, and they are *ordered* to uſe piſtols; *ten officers* attend this *orderly butchering*; the man who gave the blow receives two wounds: Here one would have ſuppoſed even the *niceſt honour* might have ſtopped; but no—a freſh reſolution is agreed to by the regiment, that if the poor man recovers, he muſt again meet his antagoniſt; however, his wounds were *mortal*, and the diſgrace of renewing ſuch atrocity was prevented. How can ſuch conduct be accounted for in men, who are known to poſſeſs the fine feelings of humanity in ſo eminent a degree as the French officers are known to do?

The written declaration of a poor wretch who drowned himſelf.—As I noe the people that find my body will be curous about my deth this is to let em noe I drounded myſelf of my own accord being tierd of the wurld and vexed out of my life. It may ſeem odd for a poor man as am to put myſelf out of the way as its only your grate fokes that takes them fagaries but as times are ſo plagy hard to be ſhure it will ſoon grow a faſhun amungſt us as well as the rich and I think we have the grateſt right to do it I forgive all the world excepting my wife and her I forgive too but it is plagyly againſt my will and only to humor Father M'Donough I was divided twixt hanging and drouning but as one is not ſo vulgar as tother I chuſe this for they hang theeves and roges but never dround em So I depart this life without wincing or whining: but like a man at my own free moſhon and choyſe with full aſſurance of goin to heavin if Father M'Donough ant the biggeſt roge upon the face of the earth for tho I didnt mind my wurk much nor wasnt given to charety I allwayſe went regglar to chappel and never ſtinted the church of its dews ſo he told me often and over to make myſelf eaſy about that for that Ide go thear of coorſe.

THEATRICAL INTELLIGENCE,
From Richmond Houſe.

The decorations are all finiſhed at Richmond Houſe for the repreſentation of the Comedy of "The Way to Keep Him," and the Rehearſal (for which tickets are delivered out to the amount of about one hundred and fifty) commences on Wedneſday the 18th inſtant. The real repreſentation takes place the night after.

The following is the form of the Card of Admiſſion:

RICHMOND HOUSE.
On Thurſday, 19th April 1787,
Will be repreſented
"The Way to Keep Him."

The Play to begin preciſely at Eight o'Clock; and thoſe who come after Half-paſt-Seven cannot be admitted.

N B. Ladies are requeſted to come without hats, bonnets, or feathers.

On the ſide of the ticket is the Duke's creſt, and on the back the name of the perſon to whom the ticket is preſented, ſigned *Richmond*, &c.—The ſeats are calculated for onehundred and fifty perſons, beſides a ſmall box for their Majeſties, who are expected.—The Prince of Wales is expected the next night; and the probability is, that the repreſentation will be further continued for the indulgence of the Nobility, &c.

The following is an *Accurate* Liſt of the *Dramatis Perſonæ*:

GENTLEMEN.

Lord Derby,	*Mr Lovemore.*
Hon. Mr Edgecombe,	*Sir Brilliant Faſhion.*
Major Arabin,	*Sir Baſhful Conſtant.*
Sir Harry Engleſield,	*William.*
Mr Campbell,	*Sideboard.*

LADIES.

Hon. Mrs Damer,	*Mrs Lovemore.*
Hon. Mrs Hobart,	*Widow Bellmour.*
Miſs Campbell,	*Lady Conſtant.*
Mrs Bruce,	*Muſſin.*

On the approaching theatrical entertainment at Richmond-Houſe, we hear that General Burgoyne holds the prompter's book; Miſs Farren, we hear, is to adjuſt the ladies wardrobe on the occaſion, and two or three of the domeſtics of Drury-Lane theatre are to be called in to act as property man, ſcene ſhifters, &c.

In the above Dramatis Perſonæ, Mrs Anderſon, daughter to General and Lady Cecilia Johnſtone, was to have performed the Widow Belmour, but from ſome cauſe that lady declined it; Mrs Hobart has undertaken the part at a ſhort notice.

Amongſt the expectancies in dramatic reputation on this occaſion are Lord Derby, who comes forward from a good *private ſchool*; the Hon. Mrs Hobart, who has given a ſpecimen of her abilities as a good reader and diſcriminating epilogue ſpeaker. Major Arabin, who has "ſeen the lamps" in private theatres; and Mrs Bruce, of whom report ſpeaks loudly, in the line of acting ſhe has choſen.

Refreſhments are to be given during the intervals of the performance, and a private ſupper to thoſe who chuſe to partake of it.

PRICE OF STOCKS, APRIL 13.

Bank Stock, 152¼ ex div.
New 4 per cent. 1777, ſhut, 94⅞ ⅜ 95 ex div.
5 per cent. Ann. 1785, 113¾ a ⅞.
3 per cent. red. ſhut. 75⅛ a ⅜ ex div.
3 per cent. con 76⅛ a ⅜.
3 per cent. 1726, —
Long Ann. ſhut, 22⅛ ex div.
10 Years Short Ann. 1777, ſhut.
30 Years Ann. 1778, ſhut, 13⅛.
India Stock, ſhut, 169½.
3 per cent. India Ann. ſhut.
India Bonds, —
South Sea Stock, —
Old S. S. Ann. ſhut.
New ditto, —
[illegible] per cent. 1751, —
New Navy and Vict. Bills, —
Exch. Bills, —
Prizes, —
Bank for May —
Conſols for May, 77⅛ a ¼.

WIND AT DEAL, APRIL 12. N. E.

EDINBURGH.

This day, was married at Caroline Park, Henry Steuart of Allanton, Eſq; to Miſs Seton, daughter of Hugh Seton, Eſq; of Touch.

Died at Dacca, in India, on the 25th September laſt, Lieutenant James Munro, in the ſervice of the Honourable the Eaſt India Company, ſincerely lamented by his brother officers, and all who knew him.

Died here, on Wedneſday laſt, Miſs Budge of Toftingal. Her relations and friends are requeſted to accept of this notification of her death.

Saturday forenoon, a woman in great diſtreſs was taken to the City guard, and notwithſtanding every medical and other aſſiſtance was afforded her, ſhe expired yeſterday. We hear ſhe was formerly a patient in the Royal Infirmary, but had been diſmiſſed for irregular behaviour.

CARD.

Mrs KEMBLE begs permiſſion to thank the Ladies and Gentlemen of Edinburgh and its vicinity, for the honour they conferred on her on Wedneſday evening, and aſſures them it ſhall always be her *ſtudy* to deſerve that patronage of which ſhe has ſo much cauſe to be proud. It having been reported by ſome *envious* perſon or perſons, (*who perhaps wiſh it to be the caſe,*) that Mr and Mrs Kemble do not intend returning to Edinburgh next winter, Mrs Kemble aſſures the public, that ſuch reports are without foundation. As nothing could make them happier than to return, ſo they ſhall hear of their *baniſhment* from Scotland with the regret of natives, and with a melancholy gratitude reflect on the many favours conferred on them during their reſidence in this kingdom.

Shakeſpeare Square, No. 3. *Saturday Evening.*

Mr KEMBLE returns thanks to the Gentlemen who hinted *Timon of Athens* for his Benefit. He admires with his Friend that excellent compoſition; but unluckily for him, not one of the performers ever acted in it, and at this ſhort notice it would be impoſſible to revive it.

CARD.

Mr WARD moſt reſpectfully returns his grateful acknowledgments to thoſe Ladies and Gentlemen who have honoured him by ſending to inquire, when his benefit was to be? and, What Play he took?—The firſt queſtion, he is very ſorry, he cannot anſwer; as, by the rules of the Theatre, no performer can have above a week's notice, and he has had no information of it yet.—The Play he takes, by the permiſſion of Mr Harris, the Manager and Patentee of the Theatre-Royal, Covent Garden, and Mrs Inchbald the Author, is that Lady's laſt popular Comedy called, *Such Things Are*, at this time exhibiting with every mark of the higheſt admiration and applauſe, to crouded houſes.—As ſoon as Mr WARD is made acquainted when his night is to be, he will immediately do himſelf the honour of informing thoſe Ladies who have taken boxes, and made inquiries concerning it.

No. 3. *Shakeſpeare Square, April* 16.

Extract of a letter from Perth, April 14.

"The Circuit Court of Juſticiary was opened here upon Thurſday the 12th current, by the Right Honourable Lords Braxfield and Stonefield. George and John Sangs, ſons of Robert Sang gardener in Brechin, who ſhould have been tried for theft, were fugitated for non appearance.

"Thomas Allan, ſervant to Andrew Horſburgh tackſman of Brearybuſh, in the pariſh of Anſtruther Weſter, and county of Fife, accuſed of culpable homicide, was found not guilty, and diſmiſſed.

"William Malcolm, accuſed of theft, was alſo diſmiſſed, ſome particular circumſtances having induced the Advocate-depute to deſert the diet *ſimpliciter*.

"Alexander Beatſon baker in Dunfermline, and Barbara Horn his wife, were accuſed of homicide; and, having been found guilty, were baniſhed forth of Scotland for life, being firſt to ſuffer one month's impriſonment; and Alexander Beatſon to be whipt through the ſtreets of Perth upon the 11th May next.

"Malcolm Macintyre, *alias* Malcolm Wright, was accuſed of theft, and of being habit and repute a thief. The Jury found the habit and repute proven, but found the theft not proven. As the Court could not inflict any puniſhment in conſequence of this verdict, he was diſmiſſed.

"James Hacket, ſon of Thomas Hacket wright in Kirriemuir, accuſed of two acts of theft of goods and money to a conſiderable value, was found guilty upon his own confeſſion, and condemned to be hanged upon the 25th May next.

"There was no other buſineſs to come before the Court."

To the Printer of the Caledonian Mercury.

SIR,

POST EST OCCASIO CALVÆ.

WITHOUT Loſs to themſelves, or to the buſineſs under their truſt, without injury to any perſon whatever, the Truſtees have it ſtill in their power to add 20 feet to the preſent width of the South Bridge. This opportunity muſt be uſed ſoon; or it will be loſt; and, if once loſt, it will be loſt for ever, and be an object of perpetual regret, perhaps of reproach. The power of the Truſtees extends to near 100 feet weſt of the weſt ſide of the Bridge. Of this area, it is in contemplation to occupy 42 feet in buildings cloſe to the ſide of the Bridge, and to throw no leſs than 55 feet into a ſtreet at right angles, where the High Street and Cowgate are parallel to the Bridge. This, no doubt, would be an improvement. But, would it not be a greater one, to take 20 feet from the Street, and add it to the Bridge? The Street in queſtion, with propriety, might be called *Hunter's Street*; and, I think, the god-father deſerves the honour *. George's Street, from houſe to houſe, is 116 feet. The Bridge, at its preſent width, is only 56 feet. If one carriage ſtands, paſſes, or repaſſes George's Street, twenty carriages at leaſt will be in the ſame circumſtances on the Bridge. Its preſent width will ſurely prove inadequate to the great confluence upon it. A difficulty occurs, *viz.* Part of the 42 feet building areas are feued off, and, of courſe, are not in the power of the Truſtees. This difficulty is ſurely imaginary. No doubt, in this inſtance, as in many others, I cannot compel a man to his own good. But, why compulſion? The eaſt front, or that to the Bridge, is the principal one of the feus in queſtion. No act of Parliament will be neceſſary to make a feuer enlarge an area to the eaſt, although he thereby narrows it to the ſame extent on the weſt ſide;—becauſe the weſt ſide of his property is evidently the leaſt valuable.

NERVA.

* Nec tamen hoc tribuens, dederim quoque cætera; nam ſic, &c. &c.

P. S. If the powers of the Truſtees are defective as to executing the propoſed improvement, now is the time to get them enlarged. The Preſident's houſe, &c. ought to be included.

Monday, April 16. 1787.

State of the Thermometer ſince our laſt:

Saturday, April 14.	8 o'clock,	P. M.	40
Sunday,	— 15. 8 —	A. M.	45
	8 —	P. M.	43
Monday,	— 16. 8 —	A. M.	47

Church to Rebuild.

TRADESMEN willing to Contract for rebuilding part of the Walls of the pariſh Church of CUPAR in Fife, and putting a new Roof on it, are requeſted, within fourteen days from this date, to lodge eſtimates of the expence with Mr James Carſtairs, town clerk of Cupar, who will give information of every particular wanted.

Surety will be required for the due performance of the work, and to uphold the Church for three years.

ARRIVED AT LEITH,

April 16 Betſy, Morriſon, from Borrowſtounneſs, barm. Dempſter, Cruickſhanks, from Stromneſs, with ſlates. Two ſloops with coals.

SAILED,

Nancy, Findlay, for Dundee, with flax.
Endeavour, Dunnet, for Thurſo.

PINE APPLE PLANTS.

TO be SOLD at Livingſton, a parcel of Fine Pine Apple Plants, for fruiting next ſeaſon.

Apply to the Gardener at Livingſton, or to John Richmond and Company, Weſt Bow.

Copartnerſhip Diſſolved.

THE Copartnerſhip of LAWRIE and BROWN, Agents here, was by mutual conſent diſſolved on the 31ſt of laſt month, either of whom has power to uplift and pay the Company's accounts.

Each continues on his own ſeparate account in the ſame line of buſineſs, and begs to ſolicit the countenance of his friends.

DAVID LAWRIE jun.
Glaſgow, April 13. 1787. THOMAS BROWN.

PREMIUMS ON LINEN & WOOLLEN CLOTH.

Truſtees-Office, Edinburgh, April 1787.

THE Commiſſioners and Truſtees for Fiſheries, Manufactures, and Improvements in Scotland, having ſeen the good effects of the Premiums which have been given for ſeveral years paſt, upon various kinds of Linen and Woollen Goods, lodged for competition at the Linen-hall in this city, have reſolved to give the following Premiums this year upon the articles under mentioned, to be lodged in the Hall, on or before the 24th day of December next, after which the preferences will be determined by proper judges, to be appointed by the Truſtees.

Art.

1. For the beſt 20 pieces of ſtout yard-wide Linen, fit for ſhirting, four pieces, of a ſet from 700 to 1100, on a ſcale of 40 inches, to be made of yarn ſpun from Scots flax, L. 10
   For the ſecond beſt 20 pieces of ditto, 6
2. For the beſt 20 pieces of Sheering, in imitation of the Ruſſian, 5 pieces, of a ſet from 700 to 1100 inclusive, on a ſcale of 44 inches, to be made of yarn ſpun from Scots flax, 14
   For the ſecond beſt 20 pieces ditto 8
3. For the beſt two ſuits of Damaſk Linen, both with regard to quality and elegance of patterns, but chiefly the latter, of a 2400, each ſuit to be of a pattern entirely new, 20
4. For the beſt two ſuits ditto, of a 2000, as above, 12
5. For the beſt three ſuits of Diaper Linen, of an 1800, both with regard to the quality of the cloth and elegance of the patterns, but chiefly the latter, each ſuit to be of a different pattern, and entirely new, 10
6. For the beſt three ſuits of Diaper, of a 1500, as above, 7
7. For the beſt ſix pieces of Scots Carpeting, with regard to the fabric, the colours, and chiefly the elegance of the patterns, two pieces only to be of one pattern, and the whole patterns entirely new, 20
   For the ſecond beſt ſix pieces ditto, as above, 12
8. For the beſt eight pieces 7-4ths Grey Duffles, with regard both to quality and colours, each piece to be 20 yards in length, and not exceeding 5s. per yard in value, 12
   For the ſecond beſt eight pieces ditto, 7
9. For the beſt eight pieces yard-wide Green Baize, with regard both to quality and colour, each piece to be 20 yards long, and not exceeding 1s. 9d per yard in value, 6
   For the ſecond beſt eight pieces ditto, 4
10. For the beſt two dozen pairs of Blankets, in imitation of the Engliſh, each pair to be 2½ yards wide, and 2½ yards long, and not exceeding 20s. per pair in value, 10
11. For the beſt ten pieces of Hunters Cloth, not under 25 yards long and 7-8ths broad, and not exceeding 4s. 6d. per yard in value, 15
    For the ſecond beſt ten pieces ditto, 10
12. For the beſt eight pieces of dreſſed Woollen Cloth, not under 20 yards long and 3-4ths broad, and not exceeding 3s. per yard in value 12
    For the ſecond beſt eight pieces ditto, 7
13. For the beſt eight pieces of dreſſed Woollen Cloth, of the ſame length and breadth as the preceding, and not exceeding 2s. per yard in value, 8
    For the ſecond beſt eight pieces ditto, 5
14. For the beſt eight pieces of Flannel, in imitation of the Welſh manufacture, not under 25 yards in length, nor under 7-8ths broad, and not exceeding 1s. 8d. per yard in value, 8
    The eight preceding articles to be manufactured entirely of Scots wool, and died of various colours, the blankets excepted.
15. For the beſt three dozen of Felt Hats, *i. e.* made entirely of Scots wool, not exceeding 2s. each hat in value 6
16. For the beſt drawing on deſign paper of a Damaſk Table Napkin, the drawing not to exceed 90 deſigns by 50; that is, the napkin to be 100 deſigns long by 80 broad, 10
    For the ſecond beſt drawing, 5

Total, L. 240

There being reaſon to ſuſpect, that, in former competitions for Premiums, where the prices are ſpecified, goods have been produced that could not be made at ſuch prices—Therefore, notice is hereby given, that the perſons gaining the Premiums in future muſt ſell the goods to any perſon or perſons willing to buy them at the prices ſpecified; and, it is expected by the Truſtees, that the owners of the goods will make to any perſon ſuch a quantity as may be deſired, at the ſame prices, and of a quality equally good.

No perſon or company will be allowed to gain more than one of thoſe Premiums.

Every perſon or company that has in former years gained three full Premium, under any particular article before mentioned, excepting for the *Damaſk, Diaper, Carpeting*, and the *drawing of Damaſk Patterns*, will be debarred from competing.

The truſtees reſerve a power to themſelves of giving ſuch part only of any Premiums, as the performance ſhall appear to deſerve; and in caſe of its not having any merit, no Premium ſhall be allowed.

Should any perſon be detected in lodging goods that were preſented at a former competition, or in any other ſpecies of fraud, he ſhall forfeit the Premium, and be diſqualified for a future competition, and the fraud will be publiſhed in the newſpapers.

Every competitor muſt lodge, along with his goods, a note *ſealed*, containing in the inſide his name and deſignation, and, upon the cover, the denomination of the goods to which the note belongs; which note will not be opened until after the preferences are determined, and not at all, if the goods be found not worthy of a Premium; and there muſt alſo be lodged an open invoice (having the ſame ſeal diſtinctly affixed to ſome part of it), mentioning the ſelling prices, without the maker's name. All the goods muſt be completely dreſſed and finiſhed for ſale; and every competitor who ſhall be found entitled to a Premium, muſt make oath before receiving payment, "That the goods with "which he competed were of Scots manufacture; that they "never were preſented as any former competition; and "that they were every way in terms of the regulations "herein contained.

By order of the Truſtees,
ROBT. ARBUTHNOT, Secretary.

KINCARDINE.
GAME-DUTY.

A List of Certificates iſſued in the County aforeſaid, with reſpect to the ſaid duty, between the 1ſt of July and 1ſt of November 1786, purſuant to an act of Parliament granting a duty on ſuch Certificates.

Barclay Allardice, Robert, Eſq; Ury.
Bannerman, Sir Edward, Blackhall.
Belches, Wilhart, Sir John, Fettercairn.
Burnet, Sir Robert, Crathis.
Duff, Robert William, Eſq; Fetteresſo.
Fullerton, John, Eſq; Thornton.
Gardyne, Alexander, Eſq; Laurencekirk.
Scott, Charles, Eſq; Criggie.
Walker, John, Auquhirie.
Williamſon, Kirkpatrick, Monboddo.

Deputed.	*By whom.*	*Lands.*
Burnet, William, at Crathis.	Sir Robert Burnet of Leys.	His Lands in ſaid county.
Colvin, Robert, at Arbuthnot.	Viſ. Arbuthnot.	His Lordſhip's ditto.
Fullerton, James, in Bogghaddlie.	Rob. Wm. Duff Eſq; jun. of Fetteresſo.	Lands & Barony of Fetteresſo.
Lee, Robert, in Glenfarquhar.	Earl Kintore.	His Lordſhip's ditto.

WM YOUNG *Sheriff-Clerk*

By order of his Majeſty's Commiſſioners for managing the Stamp-Duties. C. E. BERESFORD *Sec.*

TO BE LET,
And entered to at Whitſunday next,

THAT large elegant Dwelling-houſe, on the ſouth ſide of the Canongate, immediately below the entry to Mr Crichton's coach-yard, conſiſting of a ſunk ſtorey and three other ſtories, beſides garret-rooms, preſently poſſeſſed by Mr Telfer Smollet. The rent was formerly 70 l. now only 40 l.

Alſo to be LET, and entered to at ſaid term, A HOUSE of two ſtories entering from the turnpike immediately below Mr Smollet's houſe, rent 18 l. For particulars, enquire at Peter Milne, at Mr Ramſay's clerk to the ſignet.

To be LET in the County of Fife,

THE Lands of WOODHAVEN, and INN thereon, ſituated at the Ferry betwixt it and Dundee, with a complete ſet of office-houſes, including brew-houſe, malt barns, kiln, coble, and brewing utenſils. Alſo, the Shore and Harbour of Woodhaven, and Boats and Pinnaces to ply the paſſage to and from Dundee, with the ſhore dues, freights, &c. payable thereat.

The lands conſiſt of betwixt 70 and 80 acres, and are in very good order, as well as the other ſubjects propoſed to be let. Every perſon knows or muſt be ſenſible that this Inn is very much frequented, and extremely well ſituated for buſineſs at ſo public a Ferry.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor who is in poſſeſſion of the premiſſes, and will accommodate any good tenant, both as to the term of entry and length of tack.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of the deceaſed GILBERT RAMSAY of Tillymurdoch.

NOTWITHSTANDING of former advertiſements, ſeveral of Mr Ramſay's creditors have neglected to tranſmit their grounds of debt, and affidavits thereon. This laſt intimation is therefore given, that the price of the lands ſold is payable at next Whitſunday, ſoon after which the funds will be divided among thoſe who have produced intereſts.—The creditors are therefore deſired to tranſmit their grounds of debt, and oaths thereon, to William Ramſay, clerk to the ſignet, without delay, as no intereſt can be allowed them after Whitſunday.——Not to be repeated.

AT LEITH—FOR LONDON,
The Betſy of Dunbar,
WILLIAM MILLER Maſter,

Is now lying in the harbour of Leith, taking in goods for London, and will ſail the 26th current, to be depended on.

This Veſſel is elegantly fitted up for the accommodation of paſſengers, who will meet with the beſt uſage.

For freight and paſſage, apply to the maſter on board, or Robert Hewat, Peter's Cloſe, Cowgate, Edinburgh.

FOR HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
AND NEW BRUNSWICK,
THE SHIP RUBY,
WILLIAM ROBERTSON Maſter,

Now ready to receive goods on board at Greenock, and will ſail by the 20th April 1787.

The Ruby is a fine Britiſh built ſhip, about 400 tons burden, has excellent accommodation for paſſengers, and is intended as a conſtant trader betwixt Nova Scotia and Greenock.

For freight or paſſage apply to Mr Alexander Smith jun. merchant; Mr Alexander Warrand, Glaſgow; or to Hunter, Robertſon, and Co. Greenock.

N. B. Wanted, for a Gentleman's Family in Nova Scotia, a MAN SERVANT that can tend table, aſſiſt in the family, and underſtands ſomething of a kitchen garden,—and a MAID SERVANT for domeſtic ſervice,—both to be engaged for two years, their paſſage paid, and good wages given;—but none need apply that are not well recommended.

☞ Women Servants, of good character, will find great encouragement in Nova Scotia. Such as cannot pay their paſſage will be indented for one year, and have liberty to ſin maſters for themſelves when they arrive at Halifax.

☞ Houſe Carpenters and Young Men acquainted with farming will find good encouragement.

For Charleſtown, S. Carolina,
THE BRIGANTINE,
SAMUEL,
WILLIAM JAMIESON Maſter,

Will be ready to take goods on board at Greenock by the 10th current, and clear to ſail about the middle of May.

The Charleſtown is a ſtout Veſſel, about 300 hogſheads burthen, and has excellent accommodation for paſſengers.

For freight or paſſage, apply to Archibald and John MacKinlay, Edinburgh; Burnſide and Co. Glaſgow; or, Lancaſter and Jamieſon, Greenock.

N. B. The Charleſtown will have a Mediterranean paſs.

FOR CHARLESTOWN IN SOUHT CAROLINA,

The Ship JAMAICA,
(Britiſh built)
ARCHIBALD MALCOLM
Maſter,

Will be ready to receive goods at Greenock on the 7th April, and to ſail about the 10th May.

For Wilmington in North Carolina,
THE BRIGANTINE DILIGENT, (Britiſh regiſtered) JOHN KEAN Maſter, will be ready to receive goods at Greenock on the 15th, and to ſail the 25th April.

For freight or paſſage in theſe veſſels apply to Samuel and Robert Anderſon of Edinburgh; James Robertſon, Merchant Bank, Glaſgow; or Archibald Fleeming in Greenock.

March 31. 1787.

Houſe of Elphinſton.

To be LET, and entered to immediately,

THE HOUSE of ELPHINSTON, with coach-houſe, ſtables, and other office-houſes, and a good pigeon-houſe well ſtocked, lying within nine miles of Edinburgh, three of Dalkeith, and ſix of Haddington, pleaſantly ſituated, and commanding a very extenſive and beautiful view.

A tenant may be accommodated with a large garden of near four acres of ground, and as much graſs as he pleaſes.

The houſe and grounds may be ſeen at any time, and particulars may be learned by applying to Mr Erſkine, clerk to the ſignet, Edinburgh.

Houſe and Offices of Muiravenſide,
TO BE LET FURNISHED,

THE HOUSE of MUIRAVENSIDE, ſituated in the county of Stirling, and near the town of Linlithgow, conſiſting of nine fire-rooms, milk-houſe, laundry, ſtables, and coach-houſe, with a good garden, dove-cote, and any quantity of incloſed graſs ground, cloſe by the houſe, that may be deſired.

The ſituation and other conveniencies of this place renders it perhaps one of the moſt delightful and pleaſant villas in any part of Scotland. It ſtands upon the banks of the water of Avon, little more than a mile above the bridge over the Avon, on the great road from Edinburgh to Stirling, in a plentiful healthy country, having the convenience of market towns, ſtage-coaches, flies, carriers, &c. paſſing to and from Edinburgh to Glaſgow, Stirling, and other parts of the weſt country, every day. In ſhort, it may be deemed ſuperfluous to give any other deſcription of this place further than in general to ſay, that its local ſituation is ſuch as to render it highly commodious for any family who wiſh to enjoy the pleaſures of a country life.

For particulars, apply to Mr Macdonald writer to the ſignet, Princes-ſtreet, Edinburgh. The Houſe, Ground, &c. will be ſhewn by the ſervants at Muiravenſide houſe.

Inn or Stage at Dalnacardoch to Let.

THE well-known frequented INN, built under the direction of the late Board of Truſtees for managing the Forfeited Eſtates at Dalnacardoch, part of the eſtate of Lochgary, being the next ſtage on the great military road from Blair of Athol to Inverneſs, with the Farm, Incloſures, and Hill-paſture thereto belonging, are to be LET for ſuch a number of years as can be agreed upon. The tenant's entry to commence at Whitſunday firſt, when the ſame becomes void by the voluntary removal of the widow of the late tenant.

This ſtage is ſo well frequented and known to all travellers to the north of Scotland by the Highland road, for its many conveniencies and accommodation by the complete and elegant manner in which the houſe and ſquare of offices have been built and finiſhed with ſtone and lime and ſlated roof, at a high expence, and alſo the ſtone-incloſures, that it may be deemed ſuperfluous to give any pompous deſcription either of the ſituation or accommodation for travellers and Noblemen and Gentlemen who reſort to it, even from England, during the ſhooting ſeaſon, as well as the great extent and range of paſture ground for enabling the poſſeſſor to hold a ſtock of black cattle and ſheep. And therefore it becomes only neceſſary to ſay in general, that it is perhaps one of the completeſt and beſt accommodated of any of the Highland ſtages in the north of Scotland. And as the proprietor is deſirous to have a perſon properly qualified to occupy ſuch a place, ſo as to keep up the character of the Stage, and give ſatisfaction to travellers, this public intimation is made.

Perſons intending to offer will pleaſe apply to William Macdonald writer to the ſignet, Prince's Street, Edinburgh, or to Alexander Stewart, at Miln-town of Drumacheine, the factor.

Sheep Farms, or Grazings, to Let.

TO LET on Leaſe, for any number of years that can be agreed upon, from Whitſunday next, Four excellent SHEEP FARMS or GRAZINGS, viz. The Lands of SWANSLETTER, RETLANDS, FERTICORY, and ALMY, lying in the country called Ariſaig, along the ſide of Lochmorar, near the ſea-coaſt, and county of Inverneſs.

Theſe Farms are remarkably well adapted for ſheep walks, and ſtore poſſeſſions of great extent, near the ſea ſide, having abundance of heath and graſs, and never ſubject to deep falls of ſnow, which ſeldom in that country remains for any time on the ground; and may be let together, or in ſeparate lots or farms, as offerers incline; though, as the lands lie in a ſtretch along the ſide of Lochmorar and contiguous, would anſwer beſt to be let in one lot.

Any perſons wiſhing for a leaſe of ſuch grazings, may apply to Hector Macdonald at Mr Macdonald's, writer to the ſignet, Prince's ſtreet, Edinburgh, who will inform as to the rent and other particulars; and Donald Chiſholm in Ariſaig will ſhow the farms.

FARMS TO LET.

TO be LET upon Graſſums, and for ſuch term of years as ſhall be agreed upon, and entered to at Whitſunday 1788, the following FARMS, all lying in the county of Peebles, viz.

Pariſh of STOBO.

Farms.	*Poſſeſſors.*	*Rent.*
EASTER HAPPREW,	James Gibſon,	L. 131 0 0
~~WESTER HAPPREW,~~	~~John Alexander,~~	~~158 0 0~~

Pariſh of NEWLANDS.

NETHER DROCHIL,	Thomas Hall,	78 0 0
OVER DROCHIL,	Robert Symington,	43 0 0
WHITESIDE,	James Murray,	109 0 0
FLEMINGTON MILL,	James Murray,	90 0 0

Pariſh of PEEBLES.

EDSTON,	Alex. Horſburgh and John Salton,	149 0 0
JEDDERFIELD,	David Grieve,	18 4 0

Pariſh of LYNE.

LYNE and HALLYNE,	Alexander Gray,	94 4 2
HAMILDEAN,	Alexander Gray,	71 5 0

N. B. The three laſt mentioned farms may be entered to at Whitſunday firſt 1787.

Such perſons as incline to become tackſmen of any of the above farms, will pleaſe give in their propoſals to John Tait, writer to the ſignet, Park Place, Edinburgh; and none of the offers will be made public, excepting ſuch as ſhall be accepted of.

N. B. The farms will be ſhown by John Hunter in Peebles, baron-officer of the eſtates.

Sale of Lands in the county of Stirling.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, on Friday the 29th day of June next, to begin at one o'clock afternoon,

The Lands of TORWOOD; alſo theſe detached FARMS, called CRAWNEST, LOCHS, and BELLSDYKE, all lying in the pariſhes of Larbert and Airth, and county of Stirling.

The ſituation of Torwood is remarkably beautiful, commanding a delightful and moſt extenſive proſpect, and there are a great quantity of valuable trees of various kinds upon the lands. There is a part of the Torwood of conſiderable value, lying to the north of the road, leading from Falkirk to Stirling, which is held few of the proprietor of Torwood, and is now in non-entry, ſo that the purchaſer will be entitled to an entry from the vaſſal.—The ſoil of the other farms is extremely good, and their vicinity to Carron Works greatly encreaſes their value.

The lands of Torwood, and each of the farms, will be put up to roup ſeparately.

For farther particulars apply to John Dundas, clerk to the ſignet.

William Lewis, at the houſe of Canonhall, will ſhow the grounds.

Sale of the Houſe and Parks of Dalry.

To be SOLD by Private Bargain,

THE Houſe and Parks of DALRY, ſituated about half a mile weſt of the city of Edinburgh. The parks conſiſts of about 24 acres of very rich ground, excluſive of one acre which has been feued out at 9 l. yearly, the feu-duty of which is to be ſold along with the lands. The houſe conſiſts of three ſtories; in the firſt or ground ſtorey there is a very good dining-room, a ſmall room off it, and a range of very good cellars. In the ſecond ſtorey there is a large drawing-room, and three bed-rooms, with cloſets; and in the third ſtorey there is a large room for a library, and three bed-rooms, with cloſets. Without the houſe is a kitchen, with two very good ſervants rooms over it, and two cellars, one for coals, the other for aſhes. The offices conſiſt of a coach-houſe, ſtables for 10 or 12 horſes, and a byre, with hay-lofts, and ſervants apartments over them. Theſe ſubjects hold of the Crown, for payment of a feu-duty of about 4 s. yearly. They are liable to no public burdens excepting the land-tax, and about 4 s. yearly of ſtipend; and they have right to a family ſeat in the body of the Weſt Church, and to a ſeat for ſervants in the gallery.

John Tait writer to the ſignet, Park Place, is empowered to conclude a bargain, and will inform as to further particulars.

The premiſſes will be ſhown upon applying at the houſe of Dalry, from twelve to three o'clock every day.

Sale of Houſes in Fiſherrow.

TO be SOLD in the houſe of Andrew Kedzlie, vintner in Muſſelburgh, upon Friday the 20th day of April curt. betwixt the hours of twelve noon and two afternoon,

That TENEMENT of LAND, conſiſting of two ſtoreys and garrets, lying on the north ſide and fronting the high ſtreet of the village of Fiſherrow; with the Bake-houſe, Loft, Stable, Barn, and other offices ch ind the ſame; and Yard, or Area to the north thereof; all as preſently poſſeſſed by Alexander Cockburn, baker.

The title-deeds, (which are clear) and articles of roup, are in the hands of Richard Prentice, ſolicitor at law, Heriot's Bridge, to whom application may be made for particulars.

LANDS IN ROXBURGH-SHIRE.

To be SOLD, jointly or ſeparatly,

THE Lands of ALDTOUN, APPLETREE-HALL, and MUIRFIELD, with the teinds and pertinents, lying contiguous, within three miles of the town of Hawick, in the pariſh of Wilton, and ſhire of Roxburgh.

The free rent as under:

Aldtoun,	L. 155 0 0
Appletree-hall,	100 8 0
Muirfield,	43 0 0
	L. 298 8 0

The lands are all incloſed, ſubdivided, and ſheltered with ſtripes of thriving planting. A conſiderable part of them is already marled, and in high order, and there is marl in the grounds for the improvement of the remainder.

The houſes upon the farms are all in good condition.

For further particulars, apply to Thomas Turnbull, Eſq; the proprietor at Know, or William Balderſton, writer to the ſignet, in whoſe hands the title-deeds and rental of the lands may be ſeen.

Sale of Lands in Lanarkſhire.
TO BE SOLD,

THE Five-pound Land, of old extent, of AIKENHEAD, comprehending the manſion-houſe, offices, gardens, mains, and parks of Aikenhead, as preſently in the poſſeſſion of Mr Rae, the proprietor.

Alſo, The Lands of BROADLEE, poſſeſſed by Mr Rae; the Lands of WOODSIDE, poſſeſſed by John Yuill; and the Lands of SIMSHILL, poſſeſſed partly by the proprietor, and partly by William Gray.

And the Advocation, Donation, and Right of Patronage of the Pariſh-church of CATHCART, with the ſeat in the Church and Aile, or burying-place there.

The lands lie in the pariſh of Cathcart, about four miles diſtant from the city of Glaſgow, and conſiſt of upwards of 235 acres, in the higheſt ſtate of improvement.

The lands of Aikenhead, Broadlee, and Woodſide, are held of the Crown, and entitle the proprietor to a freehold qualification in the ſhire of Lanark. The lands of Simthill hold of a ſubject-ſuperior, for payment of a merk Scots of feu-duty.

The manſion-houſe of Aikenhead is modern and elegantly finiſhed.—It conſiſts of a dining-room, drawing-room, low parlour, houſe-keeper's room, ſeven bed-rooms, beſides ſervants apartments, a kitchen, ſervants hall, and larder.—There is a commodious waſhing-houſe, well ſupplied with good ſoft water, which is carried into a bathing-houſe, properly fitted up. There is a complete ſet of office-houſes ſuited to the manſion-houſe, with a well-ſtocked pigeon-houſe, beſides a farm-yard, and the offices connected with it.—Adjoining to the loft in the church, is a good room ſet apart for the proprietor. The orchard wall is well ſtocked with fruit trees of the beſt kinds, has a temperate expoſure, and is well ſheltered. The planting upon the lands, which is conſiderable, is in a moſt thriving condition.

A great part of the price may remain in the purchaſer's hands, if deſired.

For farther particulars, application may be made to the proprietor at Aikenhead; Robert Stewart, writer in Edinburgh, or James Hill, writer in Glaſgow, the laſt of whom will ſhow a plan of the eſtate to any perſon intending to purchaſe.

Lands in Aberdeenſhire.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, on Friday the 10th day of Auguſt, in the New Inn of Aberdeen at five o'clock afternoon,

The Lands and Eſtates of PREMNAY and LIKLYHEAD, in the pariſh of Premnay and ſhire of Aberdeen, all holding of the Crown, and whereof the free yearly rent, converting the victual at only 10 s. per boll is 800 l. 1 s. 5 d. Sterling. They lie contiguous, in the heart of a pleaſant and populous country, where there is plenty of game, and a trouting river.

The lands are of great extent, and remarkably well accommodated with inexhauſtible moſs, and abundance of paſture. The climate is early, the ſoil naturally as rich, ſtrong, and ſubſtantial as any in the county of Aberdeen; and the fields, which are beautiful, are now all under a regular courſe of infield culture and management. The farm-houſes are in general in good condition, and ſome of them covered with ſlate. There is a complete right to the teinds, which are alſo valued, and the miniſter's ſtipend was lately augmented. All the marches are clear.

This valuable property will be expoſed either altogether at 18,000 l. Sterling, or in the two following lots, viz.—1. The Mains and Manor-place of Liklyhead, the Lands of Auchleven, Millbiggen, Clayford, Dikenook, Kirkford, Broadford, Burnend, Redrig, Weſtbiggen, and part of Newton of Premnay, with the mill of Auchleven, and multures, whereof the free rent is 505 l. 4 s. 7 d. And, 2dly, The Lands of Barns or Netherhall, Milntown of Barns, Kirktown of Premnay, Burryhillock, Daies, and part of Newton of Premnay, with the miln of Barns and multures, whereof the free rent is 294 l. 16 s. 10 d. Sterling. Each of theſe lots affords a freehold qualification in the county. Upon Lot I. there is wood to the value of above 700 l. Sterling; and this lot will be ſet up at 11,615 l. Sterling.

The whole eſtate of Overhall is aſtricted to the mill of Barns in Lot II.; and the upſet-price of this lot is to be 6785 l. Sterling.

The articles of roup, rentals, and title-deeds, which are unexceptionable, will be ſhown by John Gordon, Eſq; of Craig, or George Moir, Eſq; of Scotſtown, at Aberdeen; and copies of the rentals and articles by Andrew Stuart junior, writer to the ſignet at Edinburgh. Mr Gordon, at the houſe of Liklyhead will ſhow the lands.

AREAS TO BE SOLD.
By order of the Truſtees for Building a Bridge over the Cowgate, &c.

THERE are to be SOLD, within the Dean of Guild Court-houſe in Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 18th of April 1787, at five o'clock afternoon,

Three LOTS or AREAS for Buildings, on the *weſt ſide* of South Bridge Street, being numbers 15th, 16th, and 17th.

Lot XV. Conſiſting of 47 feet 8 inches in front along Bridge Street, and 43 feet wide, adjoining to, and on the ſouth of the 14th lot, purchaſed by John Brough, wright in Edinburgh.

Lot XVI. Conſiſting of the ſame dimenſions of the 15th lot, and immediately on the ſouth thereof.

Lot XVII. Being the corner Area fronting the Cowgate, conſiſting of 48 feet in front along Bridge Street, and 45 feet wide. Each of the purchaſers will have right to the ſtones and other materials of the houſes of the reſpective lots, and from thence to Peebles Wynd.

The purchaſer of lot 15th will have right to one of the arched vaults under the ſtreet, the length of the middle or croſs wall; and each of the purchaſers of the other lots will have right to two of theſe vaults. They are 20 feet ſpan at the ſpring of the arch, and ſeveral ſtories of vaults may be made in each of them.

The entry to the premiſſes to be on the 26th of May next, but the Truſtees will not object to the purchaſers entering ſooner, provided they make an agreement for that purpoſe with any others concerned.

The price to bear intereſt from Whitſunday 1788, and to be payable the one half at Martinmas 1788, and the other half at Martinmas 1789.

N. B. The Buildings on theſe Areas will front a ſtreet on the weſt above 50 feet wide.—There will be ſeveral ſtories of buildings below the level of South Bridge Street on each of the lots; and the purchaſer of lot 17th may have ſpacious ſhops, entering not only from Bridge Street, but alſo from the Cowgate, and the aforeſaid ſtreet on the weſt to be made above 50 feet wide.

The conditions of ſale will be ſhown by John Gray, writer to the ſignet; and a ground plan, and an elevation of the intended buildings, will be ſhown by Robert Kay, ſurveyor to the Truſtees, at his houſe in Sandilands Cloſe.

HOUSE OF WESTER COATS TO BE SOLD,
Or LET Furniſhed or Unfurniſhed,
And entered to at Whitſunday next.

THE houſe conſiſts of a ſunk ſtory, in which there is a good kitchen, water pipe, a pantry, laundry, houſekeeper's room, a ſervants hall, milk houſe, wine cellar with catacombs, beer and coal cellar, and many other conveniencies.

Firſt Floor—Conſiſts of dining room, parlour, large bed chamber and dreſſing room, and three other bed chambers, butler's cloſet, preſſes, &c.

Second Floor—Drawing room, elegantly finiſhed, 33 feet by 22—15 feet high; a large bed chamber 20 feet ſquare, and 15 feet high; a cloſet, a large dreſſing room, with a ſeparate entry.

Upper Story—A ſmall book room, fitted up with preſſes and other conveniencies, and good garrets over the whole.

Offices—A ſtable for ſix horſes with ſtalls, coach houſe for two carriages, a large byre, poultry houſe, with a ſtable yard and poultry court.

There is a good garden and fruit wall. The ground conſiſts altogether of between eight and nine Scots acres divided into three incloſures, ſurrounded with a ſhrubbery and thriving trees and hedges, long walk around, and ſerpentine walks.

The houſe is moſt pleaſantly ſituated, commanding a very extenſive proſpect, and is within a few minutes walk of the New Town; and if ſet every neceſſary repair will be made.

For further particulars apply to John Syme or Alexander Abercromby, writers to the ſignet.

SUBJECTS IN FALKIRK TO BE SOLD.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the houſe of John Chriſtie, vintner, Falkirk, on Thurſday the 3d of May 1787, betwixt twelve and two o'clock afternoon,

THE FOLLOWING SUBJECTS:

LOT I.

THat new ſlate-roofed Houſe at Weſt burn-bridge of Falkirk, on the ſouth ſide of and fronting the ſtreet, three ſtories high, conſiſting of nine fire rooms three on each flat, beſides cloſets. Preſent rent 7 l. 12 Sterling.

II.—Another new ſlate-roofed houſe adjoining the above houſe, three ſtories high, conſiſting of ſix fire rooms beſides cloſets, two of which rooms on each flat, with garden at the back of ſaid houſe. Preſent rent 6 l. 10 s.

Theſe ſubjects are pleaſantly ſituated, having the burn running by the weſt ſide thereof, are of eaſy acceſs, and the rooms and cloſets are convenient and well lighted.

III.—Two new low tiled Houſes at the ſouth end of and on a line with the laſt-mentioned houſe, fronting the burn on the weſt; one of them uſed for making candles, the other for making ſoap; one conſiſts of two fire rooms, and the other may be eaſily converted into three fire rooms. Preſent rent 3 l. 10 s. Sterling.

All theſe ſubjects are at preſent very low rented, and would eaſily ſet for 20 l. Sterling. There is a road of nine feet breadth betwixt them and the burn.

Mr John Hunter, writer to the ſignet, or Mr Robert Stark, writer in Camelon, near Falkirk, will inform as to further particulars; and the ſubjects will be ſhown by the poſſeſſors.

TO BE SOLD,
Furniſhed or Unfurniſhed,

THE HOUSE poſſeſſed by and belonging to Sir Archibald Grant of Monymuſk, with the Coach-houſe, Stables, and other offices, including the Gateway, conſiſting of four rooms, through which gateway the preſent principal entry to the houſe is.

The houſe, which is genteel, and adapted to accommodate a large family, is agreeably ſituated in the centre of a large garden, neatly laid out, through which there are two entries, one to Scott's Cloſe, the other to Argyle-Square: which last may be made a commodious coach-entry, and eaſy acceſs to the South Bridge. There is alſo a large leaden ciſtern and water-pipe in the back-court, with many other conveniencies. The houſe to be ſeen every Monday, Wedneſday, and Friday, from twelve to two o'clock. For further particulars apply to Mr Iſaac Grant writer to the ſignet.

Lands in Eaſt Lothian.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 4th day of July next, betwixt the hours of ſix and ſeven afternoon,

The Lands of LAVEROCKLAW, lying in the pariſh of Gladſmuir, and ſhire of Haddington, on the great road between Edinburgh and Haddington, being 14 miles from the former and two and an half from the latter. This farm conſiſts of near an hundred acres, all arable, is ſituate in a rich populous country, commands a beautiful proſpect of the Frith of Forth, and is well fitted for a gentleman's ſeat. The lands are capable of great improvement, and the farm will be out to the purchaſer in little more than a twelvemonth. They are let at preſent at the very low rent of 30 l. Sterling per annum, but a very conſiderable riſe may be expected to put them on a footing with like lands in the neighbourhood.

The price will be allowed to remain in the hands of the purchaſer, on proper ſecurity, if agreeable.

For farther particulars apply to John Moir writer to the ſignet, who has powers to conclude a private bargain.

EDINBURGH: Printed for and by JOHN ROBERTSON, and Sold at the Printing-houſe in the OLD FISHMARKET CLOSE, where ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in —
This Paper is regularly publiſhed every *Monday, Thurſday,* and *Saturday*: ——Price, a ſingle Paper 3 *d.*—1 *l.* 17 *s.* 6 *d.* yearly when called for—2 *l.* & 6 *d.* deliveredin Town—and 2 *l.* 6 *s.* 6 *d.* ſent by Poſt